

**Table 2. Number, incidence rate <sup>1</sup>, median days away from work <sup>2</sup> and relative standard errors <sup>3</sup> of occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work <sup>4</sup> to selected parts of body with musculoskeletal disorders<sup>5</sup> in private industry for Florida, 2007**

Part of body affected	Total Cases	Incidence Rate	Median Days	Relative Standard Error
All Selected Parts	15,420	27.8	8	3.0
0 Head	30	--	10	36.0
03 Face	20	--	10	41.6
032 Eye(s)	20	--	10	44.8
1 Neck- Including Throat	210	0.4	9	12.6
10 Neck- except internal location of diseases or disorders	210	0.4	9	12.6
2 Trunk	11,320	20.4	7	3.1
21 Shoulder- including clavicle- scapula	2,080	3.8	30	4.7
22 Chest- including ribs- internal organs	190	0.3	5	13.4
220 Chest- except internal location of diseases or disorders	190	0.3	5	13.4
23 Back- including spine- spinal cord	7,650	13.8	5	3.3
230 Back- including spine- spinal cord- unspecified	2,870	5.2	5	4.3
231 Lumbar region	4,250	7.6	5	3.8
232 Thoracic region	330	0.6	4	10.3
233 Sacral region	20	--	96	38.4
238 Multiple back regions	130	0.2	7	15.8
239 Back- including spine- spinal cord- n.e.c.	40	0.1	2	27.9
24 Abdomen	890	1.6	16	6.6
240 Abdomen- except internal location of diseases or disorders	170	0.3	12	14.0
241 Internal abdominal location- unspecified	70	0.1	11	22.4
242 Stomach organ	20	--	31	40.0
245 Intestines- peritoneum	620	1.1	21	7.7
2450 Intestines- peritoneum- unspecified	200	0.4	21	12.8
2451 Peritoneum	420	0.8	20	9.2
25 Pelvic region	460	0.8	17	8.8
250 Pelvic region- unspecified	20	--	1	36.6
251 Hip(s)	160	0.3	95	14.7
254 Groin	270	0.5	14	11.3
28 Multiple trunk locations	30	0.1	7	31.4
3 Upper extremities	1,850	3.3	10	4.9
31 Arm(s)	670	1.2	10	7.4
310 Arm(s)- unspecified	210	0.4	5	12.6

See footnotes at end of table

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Part of body affected	Total Cases	Incidence Rate	Median Days	Relative Standard Error
311 Upper arm(s)	70	0.1	22	21.9
312 Elbow(s)	180	0.3	20	13.6
313 Forearm(s)	160	0.3	10	14.6
318 Multiple arm(s) locations	50	0.1	2	25.5
32 Wrist(s)	720	1.3	15	7.2
33 Hand(s)- except finger(s)	160	0.3	7	14.4
34 Finger(s)- fingernail(s)	190	0.3	4	13.4
38 Multiple upper extremities locations	100	0.2	5	17.8
381 Hand(s) and finger(s)	20	--	1	40.8
383 Hand(s) and arm(s)	20	--	4	38.8
389 Multiple upper extremities locations- n.e.c.	50	0.1	5	25.1
4 Lower extremities	1,390	2.5	21	5.5
41 Leg(s)	1,030	1.8	21	6.2
410 Leg(s)- unspecified	90	0.2	6	19.1
411 Thigh(s)	80	0.2	8	19.8
412 Knee(s)	820	1.5	21	6.8
413 Lower leg(s)	20	--	4	43.3
418 Multiple leg(s) locations	20	--	3	40.7
42 Ankle(s)	250	0.4	14	11.7

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Part of body affected	Total Cases	Incidence Rate	Median Days	Relative Standard Error
43 Foot(feet)- except toe(s)	60	0.1	2	22.9
430 Foot(feet)- except toe(s)- unspecified	60	0.1	2	24.4
48 Multiple lower extremities locations	50	0.1	70	26.7
8 Multiple Body Parts	610	1.1	6	7.7

<sup>1</sup> Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as:  
 $(N / EH) \times 20,000,000$  where,

N = number of injuries and illnesses,  
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year,  
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

<sup>2</sup> Median days away from work is the measure used to summarize the varying lengths of absences from work among the cases with days away from work. Half the cases involved more days and half involved less days than a specified median. Median days away from work are represented in actual values.

<sup>3</sup> Relative standard errors are a measure of the sampling error of an estimate. Sampling errors occur because observations are made on a sample, not on the entire population. Estimates based on the different possible samples of the same size and sample design could differ. Relative standard errors less than 0.05 are not shown.

<sup>4</sup> Days away from work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

<sup>5</sup> Includes cases where the nature of injury is: sprains, strains, tears; back pain, hurt back; soreness, pain, hurt, except back; carpal tunnel syndrome; hernia; or musculoskeletal system and connective tissue diseases and disorders and when the event or exposure leading to the injury or illness is: bodily reaction/bending, climbing, crawling, reaching, twisting; overexertion; or repetition. Cases of Raynaud's phenomenon, tarsal tunnel syndrome, and herniated spinal discs are not included. Although these cases may be considered MSD's, the survey classifies these cases in categories that also include non-MSD cases.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that do not meet publication guidelines or data for incidence rates less than .05 per 10,000 full-time workers. The scientifically selected probability sample used was one of many possible samples, each of which could have produced different estimates. A measure of sampling variability for each estimate is available upon request.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, February 04, 2010